

# Cryptanalysis of Simpira v1

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# The Simpira Family of Permutations

Gueron and Mouha [GM16a]

## Simpira

### Motivation

- Scalable permutation family for 128-bit security
- Using Intel's AES-NI instructions
- For hash-based signatures, wide-block encryption, ...

### Design

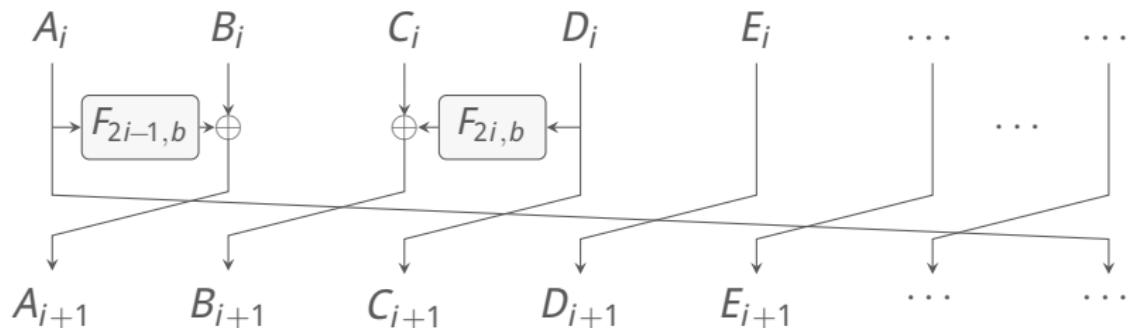
- Simpira- $b$  for  $b \times 128$ -bit inputs
- Feistel (GFS) with  $b$  branches & AES-based  $F$ -function

## This paper

Distinguisher & collision attack for full-round Simpira-4

# Simpira's Feistel Structure

Type-1.x GFS by Yanagihara and Iwata [YI14]

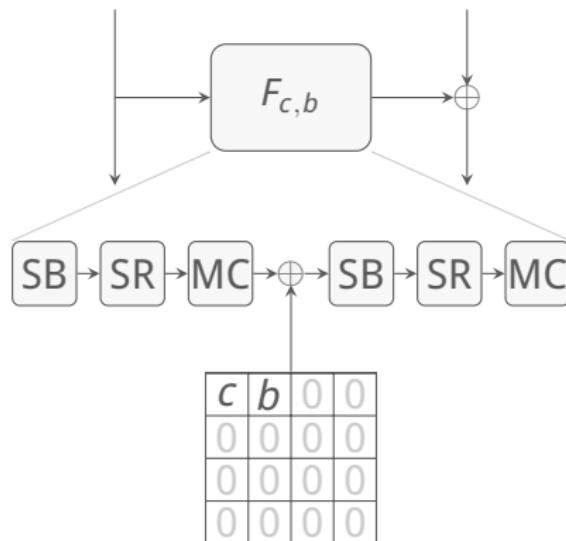


Feistel round  $i$  of Simpira- $b$  ( $b \geq 4, b \neq 6, 8$ )

We'll focus on Simpira-4.

# Simpira's $F$ -Function

## 2 rounds of AES

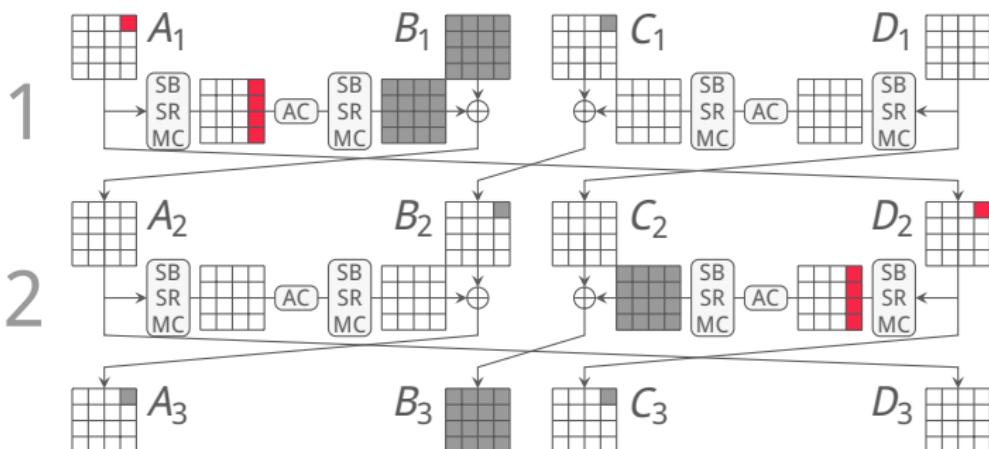


- Round constant 1: Counter  $c$ , Simpira- $b$
- Round constant 2: Used for Feistel

# Designers' Security Analysis for Simpira-4

MILP-based bounds like Mouha et al. [Mou+11]

- $\geq 75$  active S-boxes for the 15 rounds (tight bound):



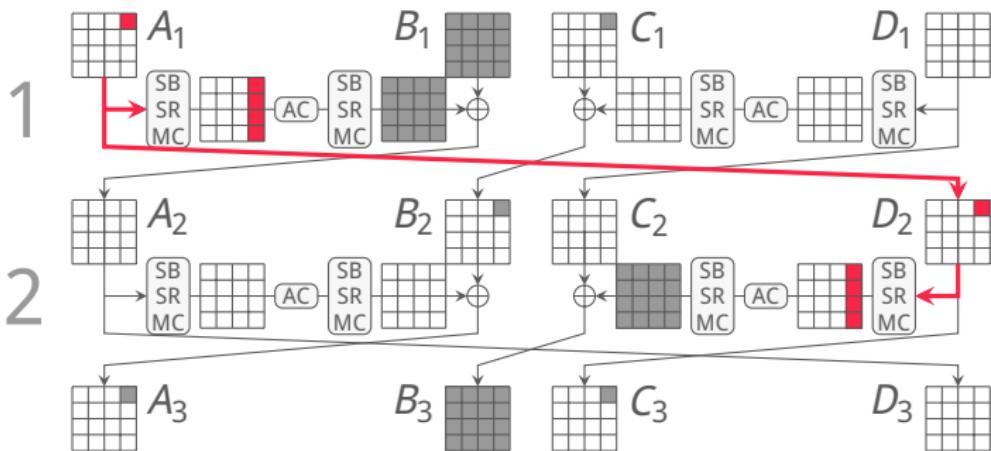
Iterative trail ■ for Simpira-4 with 5 active S-boxes ■ per round

- Is it safe to assume these S-boxes are independent?

# 8-Round Differential Trail

# Dependencies 1 – Fewer S-boxes

- Simpira's GFS feeds the **same input** to two  $F$ -functions:



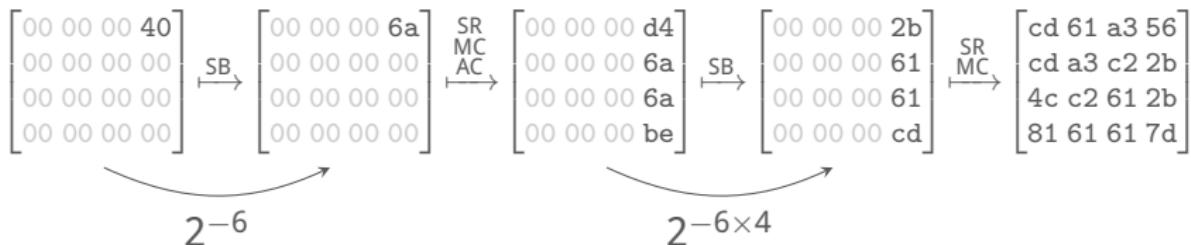
- Recall the **sparse round constants** for AC:



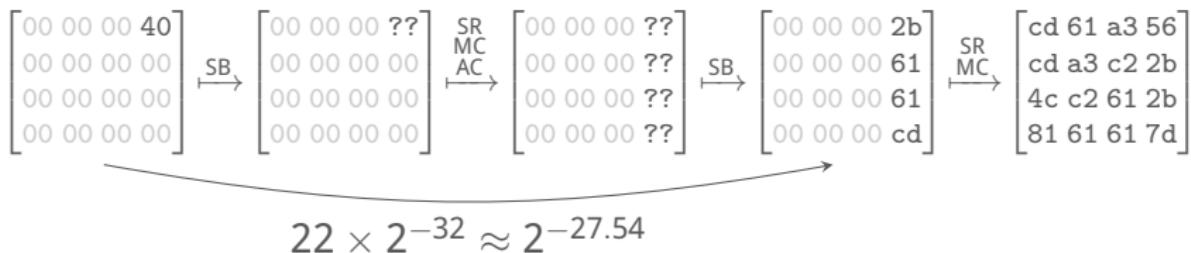
- If trail in round 1 holds, round 2 will hold with probability 1
- 8 rounds have only  $4 \cdot 5 = 20$ , not 40 “active” S-boxes

# Dependencies 2 – Higher Probability

- Trail for  $F$  with probability  $2^{-30}$  (assuming independence):



- Differential for  $F$  with probability  $2^{-27.54}$ :



- Probability for 8 rounds:  $2^{-4 \times 27.54} = 2^{-110.16}$

# 16-Round Differential Trail

# Initial Structures

- Permutation is **keyless**
- Use **message modification** to satisfy first rounds

8-round initial structure (many solutions)

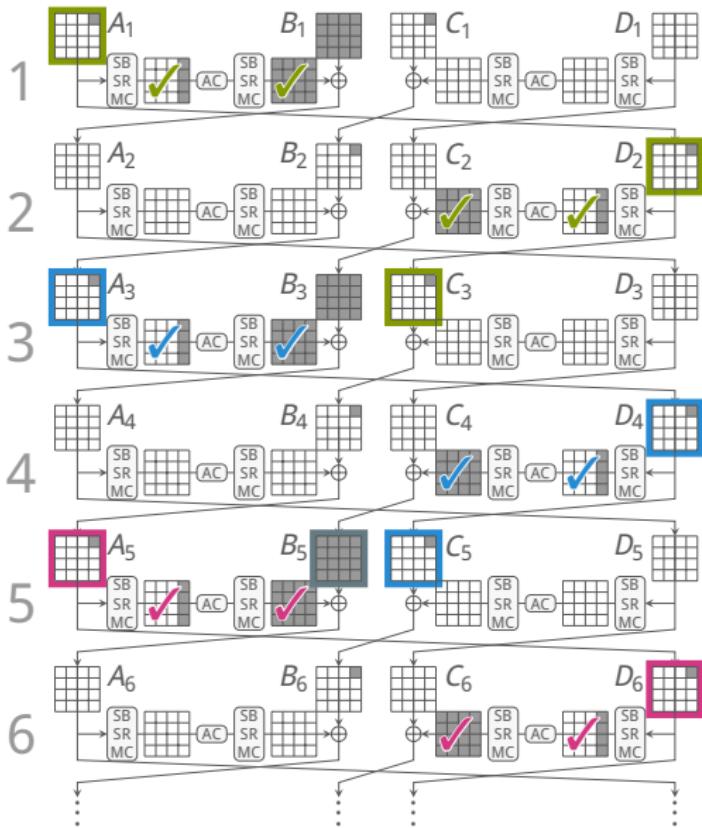
+ 8-round trail (probabilistic,  $2^{-110.16}$ )

= 16-round solution (full rounds = 15)

- To satisfy  $F$ -trail, pick 1 (of the 22) **valid superbox** solutions:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 40 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{SB}} \begin{bmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & ?? \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 00 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{SR} \\ \text{MC} \\ \text{AC}}} \begin{bmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & ?? \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & ?? \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & ?? \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & ?? \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{SB}} \begin{bmatrix} 00 & 00 & 00 & 2b \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 61 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & 61 \\ 00 & 00 & 00 & cd \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{SR} \\ \text{MC}}} \begin{bmatrix} cd & 61 & a3 & 56 \\ cd & a3 & c2 & 2b \\ 4c & c2 & 61 & 2b \\ 81 & 61 & 61 & 7d \end{bmatrix}$$

# 6-Round Initial Structure



1 Satisfy 1 and 2



2 Satisfy 3 and 4



3 Satisfy 5 and 6

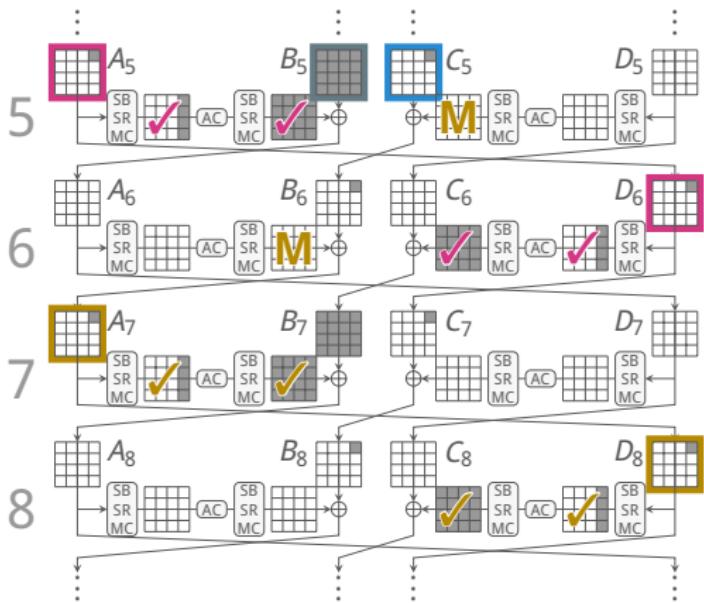


4 Complete  
free

Freedom: 416 bits

# Matching to Satisfy 7 and 8

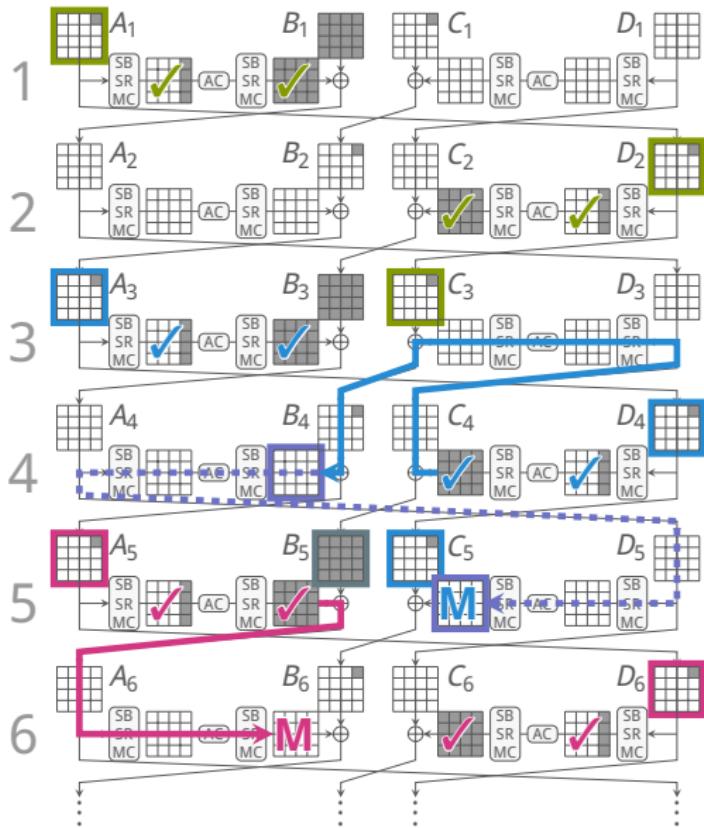
To satisfy 7 and 8, we need a **match** for the superboxes:



5      Hope that  
 $\boxed{\text{S}} + \boxed{M} + \boxed{M} = \boxed{\text{S}}$

Birthday effect:  
 Need to randomize  
 $\boxed{M}, \boxed{M}$  independently!

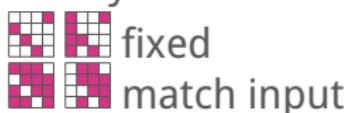
# 8-Round Initial Structure



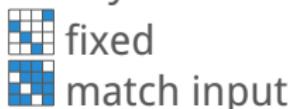
1 Satisfy 1 and 2



2 Satisfy 5 and 6



3 Satisfy 3 and 4



→ works because:



# Matching Complexity

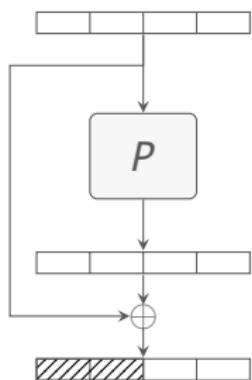
- 0 Fix , , 
- 1 For  $2^{110 \cdot 16 - 32} = 2^{78 \cdot 16}$  values of , :
  - 2 For  $2^{32}$  values of :  
Compute superbox of  and store in table
  - 3 For  $2^{32}$  values of :  
Compute superbox of  and search for match in table
- 4 Expect about  $2^{2 \times 32 - 32} = 2^{32}$  matches  
For each match, test the probabilistic 8-round trail

Expect 1 match, complexity  $2^{110 \cdot 16}$  calls, memory  $2^{28}$  states

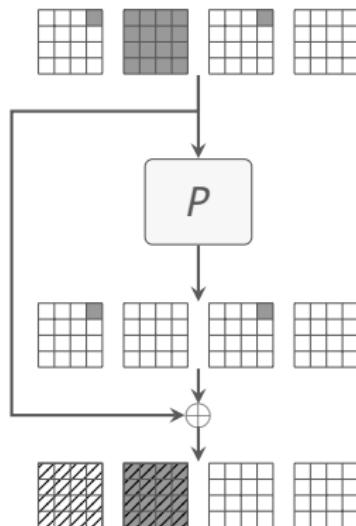
# Application: Collision Attacks

# Short-Input Hashing with Simpira

- Proposed application of Simpira [GM16a]
- Permutation with feed-forward
- Input size = permutation size
- Hash size  $\leq$  permutation size (truncation)
- Let's try Simpira-4 with 256-bit hash



# 15-Round Collisions



256-bit collision with complexity  $2^{-110.16}$

# Conclusions

# Invariant Subspaces

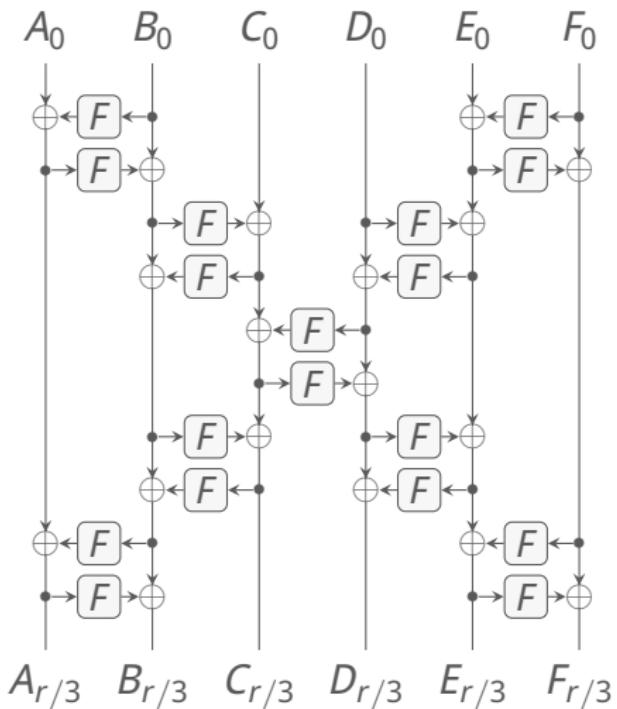
Rønjom [Røn16]

- Independent analysis
- Invariant subspaces for Simpira-4
- Any even number of rounds
  
- Partition input space in invariant cosets of dim 56 over  $\mathbb{F}_{256}^{64}$
- Exploits similar properties of GFS and round constants

# Simpira v2

Gueron and Mouha [GM16b]

- Fixes the attack
- Dense round constants
- New Feistel structure



# Conclusion

- Distinguisher & collisions for full-round Simpira-4
- Exploited properties:
  - Feistel: Same input to different  $F$ -functions
  - $F$ -function: Very similar, round constants too sparse
  - Unkeyed
  - In short: “Active” S-boxes not really independently active
- Observations also affect Simpira- $b$  for  $b \geq 4, b \neq 6, 8$
- Simpira v2 seems to fix the issues

# Bibliography

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